THE PLANETARY HEALTH PLATE

....HOW TO REWILD OUR BODIES WITH COMMUNITY GROWN FOOD

HEALTH, FOOD AND GROWING IT IN COMMUNITIES - THE LINKS

What is the Plantetary Health Plate?

How it impacts our health

The evidence for how growing food in the community improves health





The benefits of gardening and food growing for health and wellbeing

By Garden Organic and Sustain Ulrich Schmutz, Margi Lennartsson, Sarah Williams, Maria Devereaux and Gareth Davies April 2014 ..to improve physical health, regular involvement in gardening or community food growing projects, or formal horticultural therapy, can:

Increase overall levels of physical activity and fitness, burn more calories and hence contribute to healthy weight management and reducing the risk of obesity.

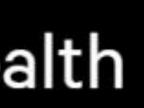
Increase healthy fruit and vegetable consumption, for adults that grow food, and among schoolchildren participating in foodgrowing activities at school – as well as improving young people's attitudes to healthy eating.

Reduce physical pain, and help with rehabilitation or recovery from surgery or other medical interventions. Help people cope with physically challenging circumstances, such as intensive cancer treatment or learning how to live with chronic conditions such as asthma or severe allergies.

Mental health benefits - multiple for mood, memory and behaviour. Prevention and Treatment. Effects have been described as 'transformative'

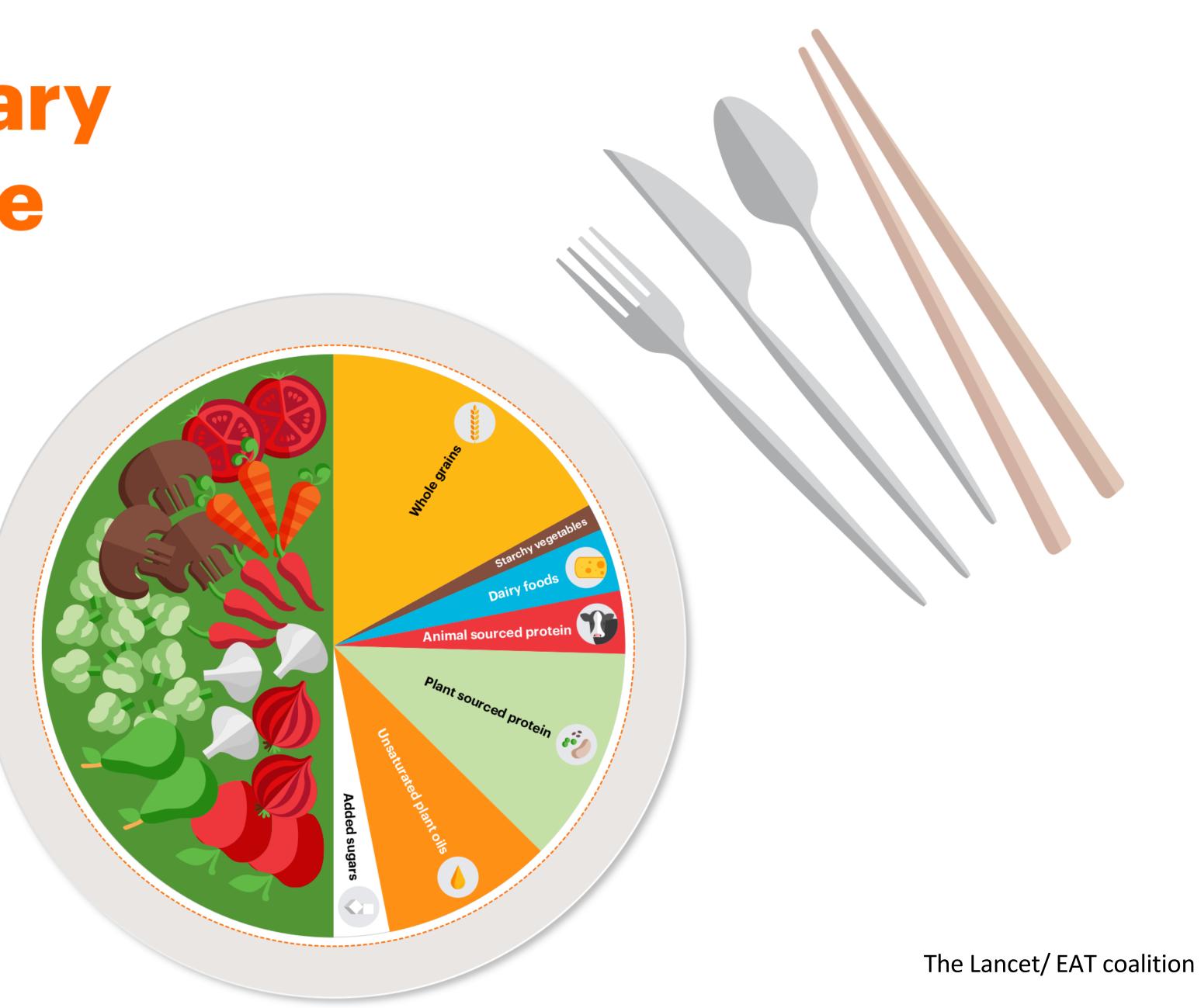
Planetary Health

Safeguarding both human health and the natural systems that underpin it





The Planetary Health Plate



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The planetary health diet: This is a flexitarian diet, which is largely plant-based

but can optionally include modest amounts of fish, meat and dairy foods.

Food is the single strongest lever to optimize human health and environmental sustainability on Earth.

let food be thy and medicine be thy HIPPOCRATES ONE GREEN PLANET

But the original Greek oath, litterally translated, says: "I will apply dietetic and lifestyle measures to help the sick to my best ability and judgment; I will protect them from harm and injustice."

ARE YOU HUMAN?

Most of the genes in the human body do not come from human cells, but are found within the trillions of microbes that live on the body.

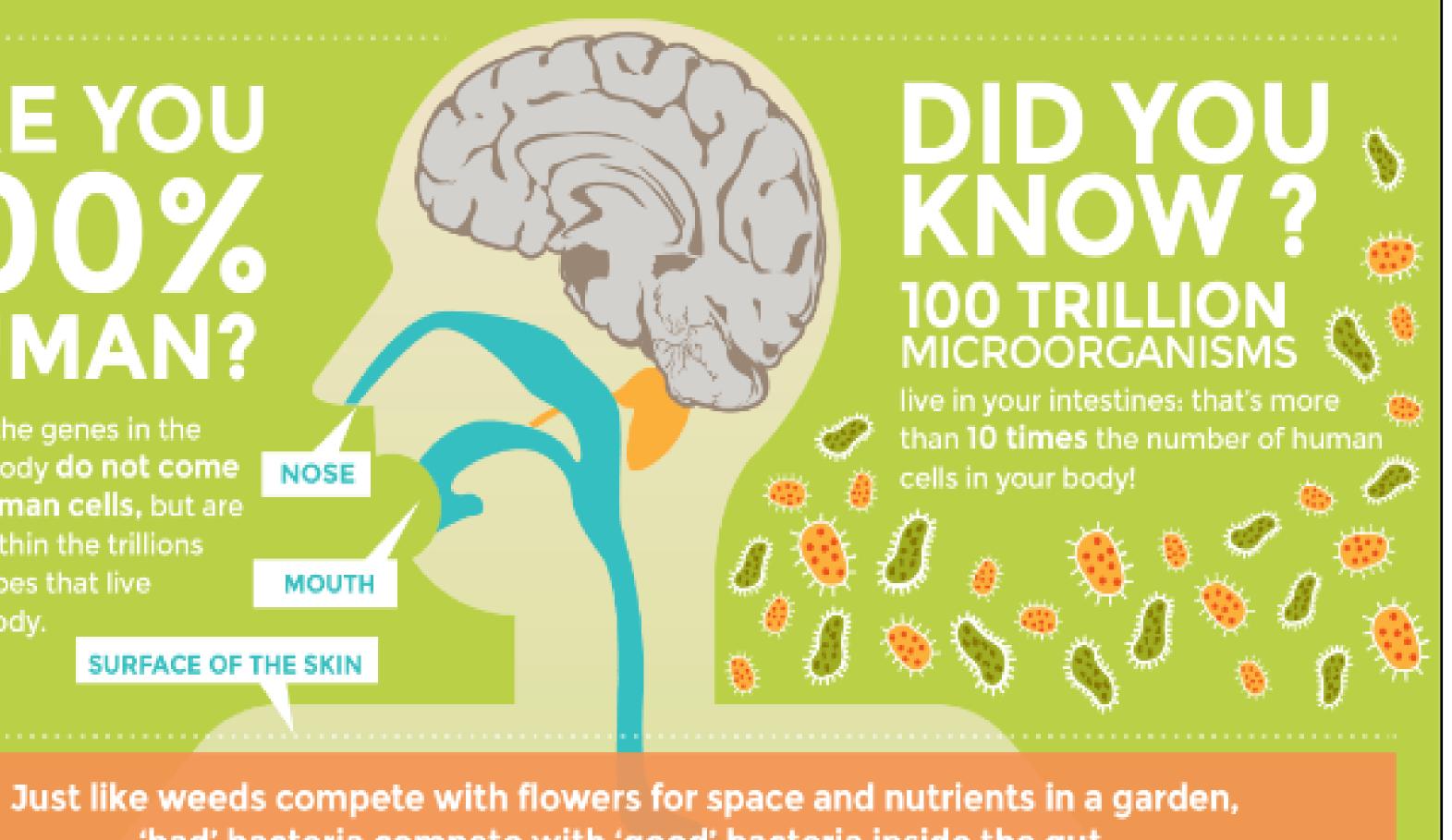
SURFACE OF THE SKIN

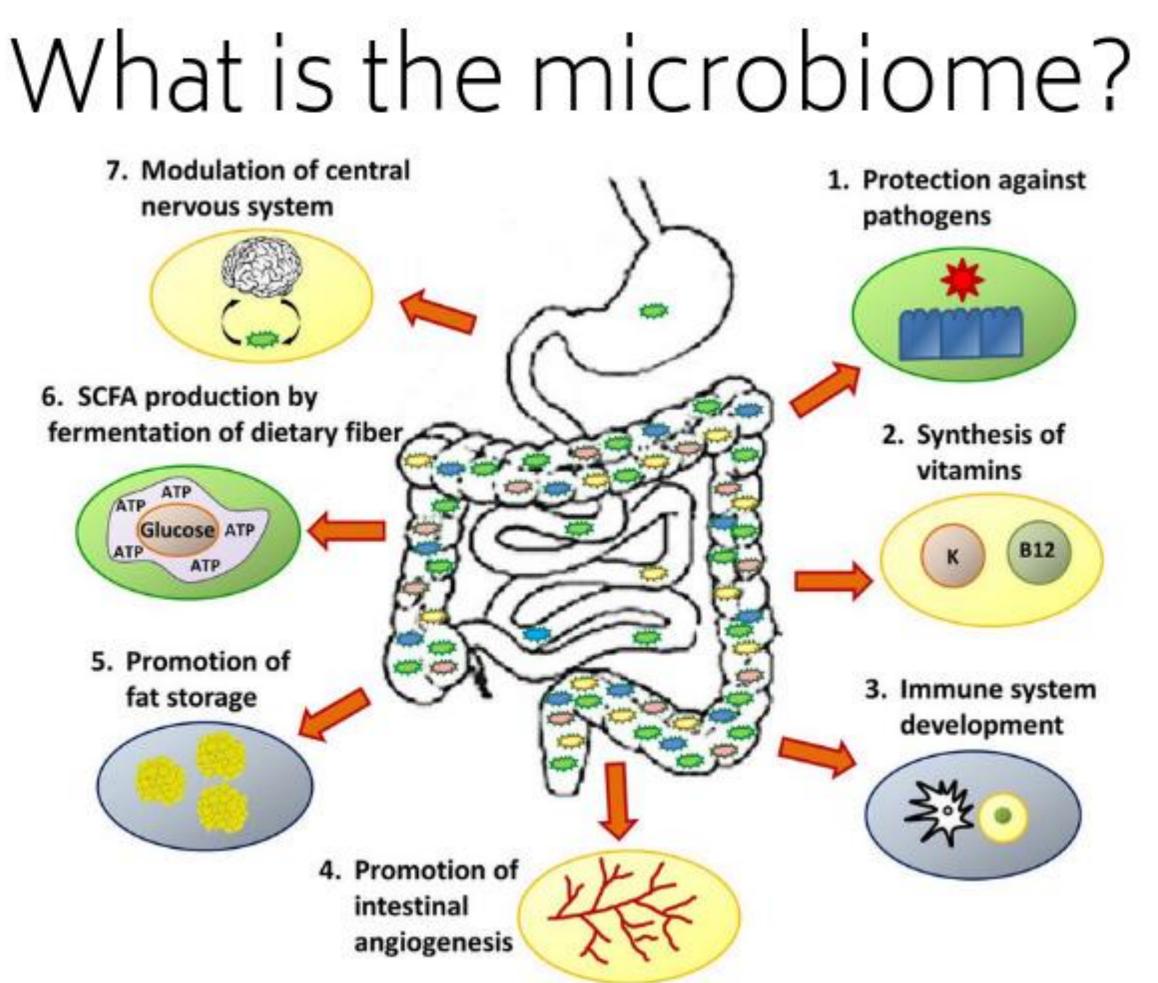
'bad' bacteria compete with 'good' bacteria inside the gut.

NOSE

MOUTH

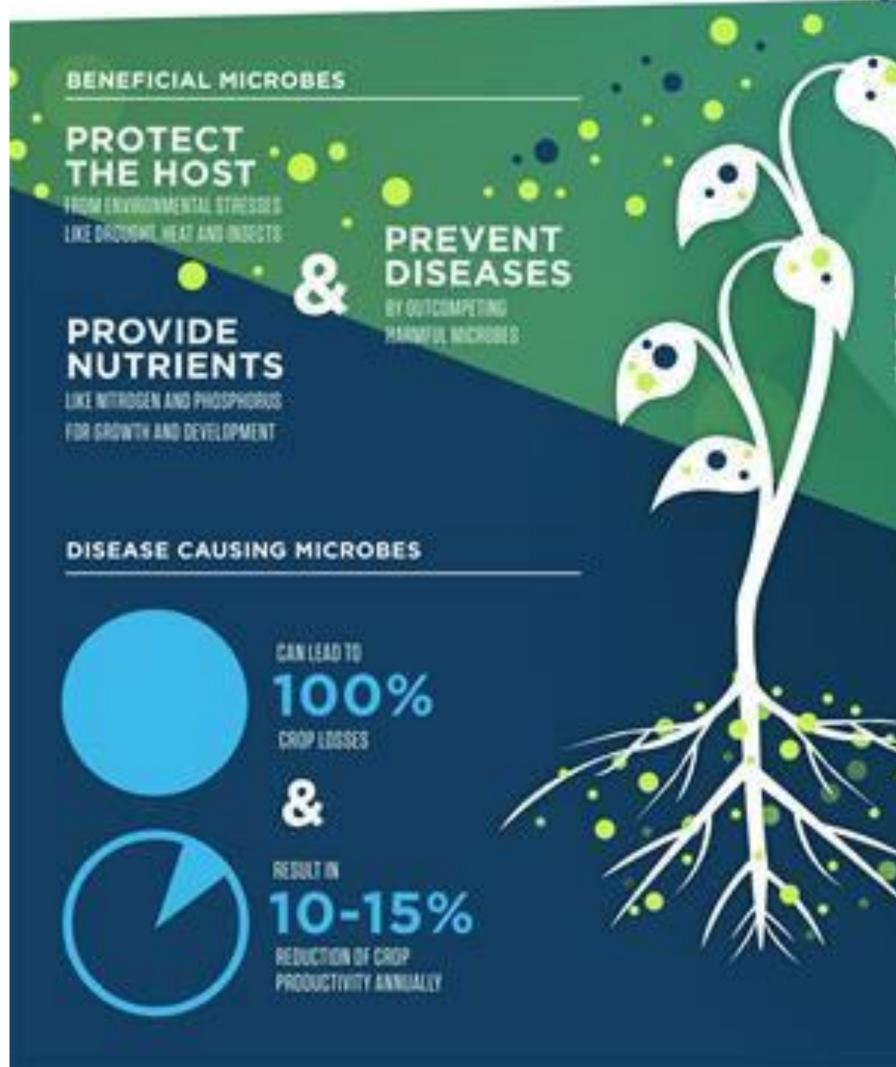
If the gut environment is healthy, 'bad' bacteria struggle to flourish.





The human microbiome plays an important role in control of vital homeostatic mechanisms in the body. These include enhanced metabolism, resistance to infection and inflammation, prevention against autoimmunity as well as an effect on the gut–brain axis. SCFA, short-chain fatty acid. (Amon & Sanderson, 2016)

> The Influence of Microbes on Agriculture Productivity





PLANT SCIENCE CENTER

AN ESTIMATED 99%

OF THE BACTERIAL SPECIES ON EARTH HAVE VET TO BE IDENTIFIED

THERE CAN BE BILLIONS OF BACTERIAL

AROUND PLANT ROOTS

MCROBES FIRST APPEARED ABOUT 3.5 BILLION YEARS ADD

5 MILLION

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TO MICROBIAL DIDLATE CAUSING THE IRICH POLICID FAMILIE IN 1945

MICROBIAL

OFTEN OUT NUMBER HOST CELLS



Kids who are fed healthy foods grow up loving healthy foods



